Arkansas Teacher Retirement System (ATRS) 2009 Legislative Initiatives and bills of interest April 10, 2009

- <u>SB 129</u> (Sponsor Sen. S. Faris; Status: Delivered to Governor) Provides a one-time ad hoc benefit increase to retirants, survivors, and beneficiaries of retirants in ATRS. This bill would provide a one-time increase to retirants, survivors, and beneficiaries of retirants who have been receiving a retirement benefit for at least twelve (12) full months after the effective date of a monthly benefit. The increase is calculated based on the retirant's credited years of service, which is grouped within descending decades, calculated by subtracting the total years of credited service from the date of retirement. The years of credited service within the descending decades will be multiplied by a formula that will be set by rules and regulations promulgated by the ATRS Board of Trustees. This bill, if enacted, cannot be implemented until the markets and funding for ATRS improves sufficiently to allow the increase to be financially reasonable under actuarial standards.
- <u>SB 139</u> (Sponsor Sen. S. Faris; Now is law as ACT 79 of 2009) Allows ATRS and other state retirement plans to hire fund managers immediately. This power can only be used when approved by the Board when quick action is required and, thereafter, the agreement must have post-action review by the Office of Procurement and the Legislative Review Committee.
- <u>SB 155</u> (Sponsors: Senators B. Glover, S. Faris; Status: Now is law as **ACT 465** of **2009**) Provides authority for the ATRS Board of Trustees (Board) or designee to waive member receivables upon System error. The Board does not currently have authority to waive amounts owed to the System by a member. This act gives the Board the flexibility needed to waive interest amounts owed to the System under limited circumstances when the error is caused by the system. This act does not allow ATRS to waive required contribution amounts.
- <u>SB 165</u> (Sponsor: Sen. G. Jeffress; Status: Now is law as ACT 743 of 2009) Revises the return to work provisions in the Teacher Retirement laws, eliminates the earnings limitation, and provides a uniform employer contribution rate for all employees. Under this act, separation from covered employment transitions from 30 days to a 180-day wait period before returning to work for an ATRS covered employer. This does not mean the retiree does not get a retirement benefit payment for 180 days, it means the retiree is not considered retired if he or she returns to work in a position covered by ATRS within 180 days from the effective date of retirement. Exceptions apply if:
 - 1) The member is over 65, in which case, NO separation is required.
 - 2) The retiree has any combination of at least 38 or more years of the credit types listed below, now or any time in the future. Under this provision, a 30 day separation is required:
 - a) Credited service:
 - b) Participation in the T-DROP plan:
 - c) Reciprocal service credit.

3) The member retires on or before July 1, 2009, in which case a <u>30 day separation</u> is required, regardless of the amount of service credit.

This act eliminates and repeals the ATRS earnings limitation for all retirees. This means if an ATRS retiree who is under age 65 returns to work for a covered employer after the termination requirements are met, then there is no reduction to the ATRS retirement benefit due to an ATRS earnings limitation.

The act also requires employer contributions to be paid on <u>all</u> ATRS retirees who return to work for covered employers, regardless of age. The employer rate will be the current employer contribution rate in effect at the time of employment. This act also requires the employer matching rate for all T-DROP participants to be the current employer rate in effect for all other members. The net effect of the employer contribution changes is that a uniform employer contribution rate now applies to all employees.

<u>SB 170</u> - (Sponsor: Sen. G. Jeffress; Status: Now is law as ACT 467 of 2009) Authorizes ATRS Board or designee to waive employer penalties or interest. This act clarifies when employer reports and contributions are considered delinquent, and authorizes the ATRS Board or its designee to waive penalties and interest on contributions if the delinquency was not the result of employer nondisclosure, fraud, or misrepresentation; and payment of the penalties and interest would be unduly burdensome to the participating employer. For instance, this allows ATRS to waive penalties for employers that could not submit reports due to the ice storm in January.

<u>SB 191</u> - (Sponsor: Sen. S. Faris; Status: Now is law as ACT 468 of 2009) ATRS technical corrections. The Teacher Retirement benefit laws were in need of clarification and consistency in its terms. There were obsolete provisions that needed to be repealed. This act made the clarifying changes to language and other technical changes to the benefit laws. This act did not have any impact on benefits or membership.

<u>SB 209</u> – (Sponsor: Sen. S. Faris; Status: Now is law as ACT 1202 of 2009) Amends § 24-7-733 in the ATRS code regarding application of IRS Section 415 code. This bill will clarify ATRS' ability to conduct annual IRS section 415 benefit testing and treat the retiree cost of living adjustment as automatic for purposes of determining IRS limits on benefit amounts. This bill will allow ATRS to let certain members keep more of the actual benefits earned that might have otherwise been reduced.

<u>SB 210</u> – (Sponsor: Sen. S. Faris; Status: Delivered to Governor) Amends § 24-7-717 in the ATRS code on rescission of retirement. This bill limits the number of times an ATRS retiree can cancel retirement (rescind) and become an active member of the System to one time per member. It also allows a rescinded member to receive a recalculation of retirement benefits after accruing one additional year of service credit after the cancellation of retirement, instead of the current longer period of 3 years in the existing law.

SB 224 – (Sponsor: Sen. G. Jeffress; Status: Delivered to Governor) Amends § 24-7-720 in the ATRS code on lump sum death benefits to allow retirees who retired July 1, 2007, or earlier, with five years of actual service to receive the lump sum death benefit. Legislation enacted during the 2007 session required all retirees to have ten (10) actual years of service in order to become eligible for the lump sum death benefit as of July 1, 2007. Senate bill 224 will allow the retired members who had at least five (5) but less than ten (10) years of actual service who retired on July 1, 2007, or earlier, to receive the lump sum death benefit. This would protect (grandfather) those retirees who had retired on or before the effective date of the 2007 legislation. The bill also clarifies that the lump sum death benefit was intended to be tax-free. In addition, it amends the provision allowing ATRS to purchase group life insurance only if consistent with the Board's fiduciary duty.

<u>SB 227</u> – (Sponsor Sen. J. Jeffress; Status: Now is law as **ACT 470 of 2009**) **Amends** §24-7-1308 on T-DROP benefits. This act clarifies separation requirements when a member retires from T-DROP plan participation, and allows ATRS to recoup benefits, including interest, paid to a member under T-DROP who does not meet the separation of service requirements.

<u>SB 228</u> – (Sponsor: Sen. J. Jeffress; Status: Delivered to Governor) Amends § 24-7-710 on Survivor Benefits. This bill eliminates the complexities in the current ATRS survivor benefit law related to benefits paid to a surviving spouse and children upon the death of an active member. It eliminates the remarriage prohibition on spouses and dependent children, sets the dates benefits are payable and terminate, and clarifies that Option A benefits are payable to an eligible member's spouse. The bill eliminates the dependent parent benefits and the requirement that ATRS recalculate benefits when a dependent child is removed from the survivor payroll after reaching the age of majority.

<u>SB 229</u> – (Sponsor: Sen. J. Jeffress; Status: Now is law as ACT 425 of 2009) Amends § 24-7-720 in the ATRS code on lump sum death benefits to clarify tax treatment. This act clarifies that the ATRS lump sum death benefit was intended to be treated for tax purposes as proceeds from a life insurance policy. This change lets the beneficiary of a deceased member keep more of the death benefit since income taxes will not be withheld.

<u>SB231</u> – (Sponsor: Sen. J. Jeffress; Status: Delivered to Governor) Amends § 24-7-702(15) - (27) concerning definition of salary and calculation of final average salary. This bill clarifies purchased contracts to include a contract won through litigation, consent agreement, judgment or other decree. This bill also defines the calculations in the final average salary to be limited to 120% of the next highest salary used in the calculation of final average salary or an additional \$5,000, whichever is greater. This is the replacement provision to correct recurring problems with 110% rule on limiting the amount that a member's salary can increase from year to year for the purposes of calculating final average salary.

<u>SB 240</u> – (Sponsor: Sen. G. Jeffress; Status: Delivered to Governor) IS AN ACT TO INCLUDE THE NATIONAL BOARD CERTIFICATION BONUSES AS SALARY FOR THE PURPOSES OF RETIREMENT BENEFITS UNDER THE ARKANSAS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM. This legislation does what the title explains. All national board certification bonuses will now be included in the salary of all recipients for earning and final average salary purposes with the bonus being treated as all other salary.

<u>SB243</u> – (Senator S. Faris; Now is law as ACT 745 of 2009) Allows the Arkansas Teacher Retirement System to adopt rules and regulations to remain in compliance with federal laws and regulations. This act allows the ATRS Board to adopt rules and regulations to remain or to become in compliance with IRS rules. This may be needed as the IRS focuses on public pension plans in the next few years. This act will allow BOARD action to prevent or correct a violation. Without this, ATRS would have no means to correct a violation until the General Assembly meets.

<u>SB 812</u> – (Senator S. Faris; : Now is law as **ACT 1211 of 2009**) Creates a consistent review process for partial equity ownership agreements. This bill establishes a procurement review process to resolve the issue of whether Limited Partnerships currently used by ATRS are subject to the current state procurement process by creating a special review process to allow needed investments in private equity and real estate partnerships while still having appropriate review.